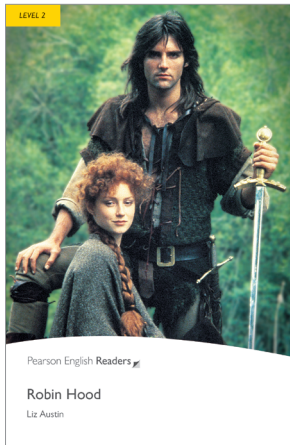


Robin Hood



Summary

When the evil Sheriff of Nottingham discovers that Robin Hood, the popular robber of Sherwood Forest, is really the land-owning Robin Fitzooth of Locksley, he devises a plan to catch him at his wedding to Marian Fitzwalter. But, as always when cornered by the sheriff, Robin uses his superior skill and cunning to evade capture. However, he cannot now return to his lands, and becomes an outlaw. He settles in the forest of Sherwood with a band of trusty men.

King Richard supports him and restores Robin's land. Richard dies, his brother John ascends to the throne and once more Robin finds himself pitted against the sheriff. Inevitably he escapes, but not before receiving a mortal wound. He dies and is buried in the forest of Sherwood.

Chapter 1: Sir George Gamwell fights against a Norman lord who wants his lands. His two sons and his wife are killed, leaving him with his only daughter, Joanna. He teaches her to defend herself. She falls in love with a Norman and, as her father will not accept him, she escapes to the forest with him. They have a boy, Robin Fitzooth. Joanna teaches her son to live in the forest.

Chapter 2: At twenty-five, Robin is a kind man who helps poor villagers. When the Sheriff hears stories about a robber called Robin Hood on his lands, he sends one of his men in disguise to find out about him. The robber is Robin of Locksley. The Sheriff has a plan: he will go to St. Mary's Abbey the next day with his men and arrest Robin before he marries Lady Marian.

Chapter 3: On his wedding day to lovely Lady Marian, the Sheriff's men interrupt the ceremony and there is a fight outside the abbey. Robin now has to hide in the forest because the Sheriff knows who he is, but he asks Marian to wait for him.

Chapter 4: After the events at the church, Prince John sells Robin's lands to the Sheriff and the situation of the villagers gets worse. Much the forester is found carrying a dead deer and, as he cannot pay for it, the Sheriff will kill him. He then tells the Sheriff he can lead him to Robin, but escapes into the forest. He is killed and his house burnt down. Much's son joins Robin.

Chapter 5: On a walk along the forest, Robin meets Little John, a big and strong man. They fight. Little John wins and throws Robin into the river. Robin then invites him to join his group in the forest.

Chapter 6: Will finds a sad Sir Richard of Lee in the forest and takes him to Robin. He needs help to repay the money lent to him by the Abbot of St Mary's to save his son's life. Robin offers him the sum he needs and Little John goes with him, but they want to test the Abbot and see if he's ready to be flexible.

Chapter 7: They find out the Abbot will not wait another year for the money so that he can have Sir Richard's lands and house. When Little John adds the sum Sir Richard needs to meet the full amount of the debt, the Abbot is very angry.

Chapter 8: In the summer, Lady Marian and her father have their big party. The Sheriff knows Robin will be there. When his men try to catch him, another fight breaks out.

Chapter 9: The next day, the Sheriff visits Marian's father and announces he wants to marry his daughter. Marian does not talk to him but she listens behind a door. Her father advises her to marry the Sheriff but she refuses.

Chapter 10: Now Marian has to flee to the forest too, as she refuses to marry the sheriff. She brings with her Friar Tuck, but they get separated in the forest. Robin and Marian want him to marry them, but first they need to find him!

Chapter 11: Robin finds Friar Tuck working as a ferryman and has some fun with his boat before asking the friar to officiate at his marriage to Marian, and then to join the outlaw band.

Chapter 12: To recover the money they have given to Sir Richard, Robin's men invite two rich churchmen to a forest dinner and rob them of their clothes, their horses and their bags full of gold.

Robin Hood

Chapter 13: When Sir Richard tries to return the money Robin has lent him, he does not take the gold. Instead, he gives him fine clothes and a beautiful white horse for his wife.

Chapter 14: Once again, the sheriff devises a cunning plan to catch Robin. He organises an archery contest, knowing that Robin will be tempted to prove his mastery. Robin duly comes, wins the contest and escapes.

Chapter 15: King Richard arrives in Sherwood himself to check up on Robin Hood. When he has satisfied himself about the outlaw's true self, he reveals himself and restores Robin's lands.

Chapter 16: King Richard dies and Robin is caught and wounded. From the St. Mary's Abbey, where he lies dying, he shoots an arrow and is then buried in the forest where it falls.

The original text

There are several versions of the Robin Hood story. Robin of Locksley first appears in English songs of the fourteenth century. Many of the people in the songs are real – King Richard, who ruled England from 1189 to 1199, and his brother, John, who became King when his brother died. Many of the places are real, too – Sherwood Forest, for example, and the nearby city of Nottingham, with its famous castle. There were certainly people living in the forests throughout The Middle Ages. They killed and ate the king's deer, which was against the law. It is uncertain, however, whether there was one particular outlaw called Robin Hood. A chronicler has it that he was a Wakefield man and took part in Thomas of Lancaster's rebellion in 1322.

Robin became a popular folk hero because of his generosity to the poor and down-trodden peasants, and his hatred of the Sheriff who enforced the oppressive forest laws, made him their champion. Some chroniclers date his exploits as taking place during the reign of Edward II, but other versions say the king was Richard I, or Richard the Lionheart.

All versions of the Robin Hood story give the same account of his death. As he grew older and became ill, he went with Little John to Kirklees Priory to be treated by his aunt, the Prioress, but a certain Sir Roger de Doncaster persuaded her to murder her nephew and the Prioress slowly bled Robin to death. With the last of his strength

he blew his horn and Little John came to his aid, but too late.

Background and themes

In *Robin Hood*, the good thief who steals from the rich to give to the poor exists in many cultures and goes back hundreds if not thousands of years. The stories abound in situations where people do not even have enough food to feed their family, and in this situation the ethical question arises: Is it acceptable to steal when the only alternative is starvation for yourself and your family? On a theoretical level it seems, from the success of these stories, that the answer is yes, but when a person actually becomes a victim of a crime, the answer sometimes changes. In many societies, particularly modern ones, there is the notion of the victimless crime. Nobody suffers because the victim has enough money not to miss it, or because the insurance company will pay. In truth, of course, there is no such thing as a victimless crime.

Discussion activities

Before reading

- Discuss:** (link to activating schemata) Ask students to look at the title and the front cover and say what they know about Robin Hood.
- Discuss:** Put students into small groups and ask them to look through the illustrations. For each illustration and caption, ask them to think of a possible story.

Chapters 1–3

Before reading

- Research:** Ask students to find information about everyday life in feudal times and draw social classes in a pyramid from least (bottom) to most (top) important.
- Discuss:** Use the information from the research above to decide whether life was hard in feudal times for the king, his soldiers, the men of the church and the villagers.

While reading

- Write:** (After reading page 2) Ask students to draw the Gamwell family tree.
- Discuss:** (After reading Chapter 1) Talk about Robin's life in the forest and his life with his grandfather. Use these questions as a guide: *What can he do in the forest? What can he do in the house? Which does he enjoy more?*
- Write:** (After reading Chapter 3) Lady Marian is at home. Ask students to imagine they are Lady Marian. They write an entry in her diary about what happened at the church. Remind them to write her answer to Robin's 'Wait for me.'

Robin Hood

After reading

- 8 **Discuss:** Put students into groups to discuss this question: *If you don't have enough money, is it all right to steal money or food, particularly from rich people?*

Chapters 4–7

Before reading

- 9 **Discuss:** Have students discuss the following: *Would you like to live in a forest now? What things would be different in your life?*

While reading

- 10 **Role play:** (After reading the introductory paragraph in Chapter 4) Two villagers compare life on Locksley's lands before and after Robin went to Sherwood Forest to hide. Ask students to role play the conversation.
- 11 **Discuss:** (page 13) Sir Richard tells Robin he has got £600 but he has to give it to the abbot. Divide the class into two groups. One group thinks of reasons why the money should go to the Abbot. The other group gives reasons why Robin should keep the money. Then they share ideas.
- 12 **Role play:** (page 13) Sir Richard of Lee tells his story to Robin and his men. Divide the class into two groups: one is Sir Richard, the other one Robin and his men. Ask them to pool ideas as to what each might have said in that conversation. Then re-group them in pairs and ask them to role play the conversation.

After reading

- 13 **Discuss:** Robin Hood is able to hide in Sherwood Forest and the sheriff can't find him. *How can you hide in a forest?* Ask students to think of some ways.

Chapters 8–10

Before reading

- 14 **Discuss:** Have students read the titles of Chapters 8, 9 and 10. Get them to speculate about Lady Marian's future.

While reading

- 15 **Artwork:** (page 15) Ask students to design and draw the invitation to Lord Fitzwalter's annual summer party.
- 16 **Guess:** (page 18) The Sheriff of Nottingham wants to marry Lady Marian. He visits her father and will come back the next day for an answer. Ask students to guess what Lady Marian will answer. Encourage them to account for their answers.
- 17 **Role play:** (page 20) Robin meets Marian in the forest. She tells him the news about her father and the Sheriff. Ask students to role play this conversation.

After reading

- 18 **Discuss:** Ask students to discuss the following questions: *Is Lady Marian safe in the forest? Or is she a danger to Robin and his men?*
- 19 **Guess:** *Where can Friar Tuck be?*

Chapters 11–13

Before reading

- 20 **Discuss:** Have students discuss the following questions: *Will Lady Marian marry Robin? Will the Sheriff catch Robin Hood and put him into prison? Will Robin go back to Locksley House?*

While reading

- 21 **Discuss:** (page 22) Robin tells Will that he would like to try Friar Tuck. Ask students to think of other ways to try Friar Tuck.
- 22 **Role play:** (page 22) Marian talks to the friar who lives in her uncle's house. Marian and Robin want him to marry them, but the friar is afraid. Ask students to imagine the conversation between Marian and the friar.
- 23 **Artwork:** (page 22) Robin and his men are looking for Friar Tuck. Have students make a 'wanted' sign with information about Friar Tuck.
- 24 **Write:** (page 25) Have students imagine they are Will Scarlet. He writes a letter to Sir Richard of Lee and he tells him how they got the £500 back.

Chapters 14–16

Before reading

- 25 **Guess:** The abbot and the sheriff would like to kill Robin. Ask students to guess what plans they may have to kill him.

While reading

- 26 **Discuss:** (pages 31–34) Get students into groups. Ask them to find three true things which the tall friar says and one false thing.
- 27 **Discuss:** (page 31) Have students compare King Richard and Prince John. Then, ask them to get into two groups: one represents King Richard and the other Prince John. Each group will say why King Richard or Prince John must be the King of England.
- 28 **Write:** (page 35) The sheriff and his men stop Robin one day with a letter from the king. Ask students to write the letter the king sent to the sheriff.

After reading

- 29 **Write:** Ask students to imagine they are one of the churchmen who were robbed of their money, clothes and horses by Robin's men. Write a letter to the Abbot to tell him about the forest dinner and how Robin stole all their belongings.
- 30 **Discuss:** The Sheriff makes plans to catch Robin. Have students get into two groups: one thinks of other ways to catch Robin and the other thinks how to make the Sheriff's plans fail.

Robin Hood

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Chapters 1–3

1 Which of these are right about Robin Hood?

- a He was born in a big house but lived in the forest.
- b His family was poor.
- c He was a good man so the people liked him.
- d He helped the villagers on his lands so nobody was hungry.
- e He and his men robbed the rich men but did not hurt the women or children.

2 Who's who? Complete with the right words.

- William Fitzooth The Abbot King Richard
Lady Marian Sir George Gamwell
- a was a rich Norman. He loved Joanna Gamwell and wanted to marry her. They went to live in the forest.
 - b lost his two sons and his wife. He taught his daughter to fight with a sword and use a bow and arrow.
 - c was not in England at that time.
 - d was a rich and beautiful woman. She loved Robin and wanted to marry him.
 - e was a man of the church. He married people at St. Mary's Abbey.

3 Write why.

- a Sir George Gamwell did not like Joanna's husband. He was very sad when they got married.
.....
- b The village people liked Robin.
.....
- c The Sheriff sent one of his men to Robin's party.
.....
- d The Sheriff wanted to marry Lady Marian.
.....
- e The Abbot was angry when the Sheriff went into the church.
.....

Chapters 4–7

4 Five words are wrong. Find them and write the right sentences.

Stop Thief!

Farnsfield – An old man was in the forest yesterday with a dead dog on his back. This is bad because no one can kill the king's animals. When the Sheriff saw him, he asked for food

but the man was poor. So the Sheriff wanted to kill him but the man said: 'I can take you to the Abbot.' The Sheriff and his men followed him into the forest but the man stopped. The Sheriff's men had guns and they shot. Three arrows hit the man and he died. Robin Hood is safe again.

5 Complete.

Little John and Sir Richard of Lee went to see (a) at (b) They had Sir Richard's £600 and Robin's (c) but first they gave him only (d) They asked the Abbot to (e) But the Abbot was greedy. He wanted (f) and (g) He thought "Sir Richard will not have the money to pay me back so I (h)". But he was wrong! When all the money was on the table, the Abbot was (i)

Chapters 8–10

6 Answer the following questions about the party.

- a When did Lord Fitzwalter have his big party?
.....
- b Who went to the party every year?
.....
- c What did they do at the party?
.....
- d Why did the Sheriff go to the party this time?
.....
- e What happened when the Sheriff's men took out their swords?
.....

7 Who are these people? Write sentences about each person using the words in A, B and C. They are in the wrong order!

A	B	C
The sheriff	a church man – fat and strong	gave a party every summer.
Marian	a greedy man	Marian took him to the forest
Lord Fitzwalter	a good girl	didn't always listen to her father
Friar Tuck	Marian's father	wanted to marry Marian

Robin Hood

Photocopiable

8 Complete these sentences.

- a When the Sheriff came to see Lord Fitzwalter, Marian listened behind the door because
- b The Sheriff so he will be a good husband for Lady Marian.
- c Lady Marian does not want to marry the Sheriff so she has to
- d Friar Tuck was a strange churchman because
- e Friar Tuck and Lady Marian had to stop in the forest because

Chapters 11–13

9 Five words are wrong. Find them and write the right sentences.

Marian and Robin want to get married, but only Friar Tuck can marry them. Robin and his men are looking for Friar Tuck. People say that there is a thin friar and that he lives near the sea. They also say that he is a good person: for one dollar, he will take people in his ship, but when poor people cannot pay, he takes them on his horse.

10 Match A and B.

A	B
a Two churchmen came along the road	1) and saw that each man had five large money bags.
b Little John came out of the forest	2) but they didn't have any money.
c The churchmen stopped their horses	3) and the two men had to walk to the abbey in old clothes.
d Little John looked in the churchmen's bags.	4) and moved to the middle of the road.
e Robin told them to take off their clothes	5) in expensive clothes.
f Robin took the money, horses and expensive clothes	6) and the younger man spoke to Little John.

Chapters 14–16

11 Complete these sentences with the right name.

- a had the plan for a contest with bows and arrows.
- b went to the contest dressed as a boy.
- c won the contest.
- d arrived with fifty men on horses.
- e was hurt in the leg.
- f put Little John on Robin's back.
- g took Robin to his house.

12 Answer the following questions.

- a Who went to London with King Richard?
- b Where did Robin go after King Richard left Sherwood Forest?
- c Who sent the sheriff to Robin?
- d Where did Robin go after fighting the sheriff's men?
- e What did the abbot want to do?
- f Why didn't he kill Robin?
- g Who came to Robin at the abbey?
- h Why did Robin ask Little John to carry him to the window?

After reading

13 A time line: Draw a timeline. Show ten important things in the story of Robin Hood.

14 What happened to Robin? Go on with the story. Did the Sheriff find Robin in the abbey bedroom? Did Little John take him out of the abbey?

15 What happened to Lady Marian? Go on with the story.

Where was she when Robin died? How did she hear the news? Where did she go after that? Did the Sheriff catch her too? What did King John do about her?

Robin Hood

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Chapters 1–3

1 Are these sentences right (✓) or wrong (X)?

Change the wrong sentences.

- a When he saw baby Robin, Sir George Gamwell asked his daughter to come and live near him.
- b His daughter said goodbye to the forest and never came back because she was happy to live near her father.
- c Prince John told the Sheriff of Nottingham to catch the robber in Sherwood Forest because that forest was on his land.
- d The Sheriff went to Locksley's party in village clothes to know more about Robin Hood.
- e The Sheriff's second plan was to catch Robin in the church, before he and Lady Marian were husband and wife.

Chapters 4–7

2 Say who is talking to whom. What's happening?

- a 'You will have to pay with your life!'
.....
- b 'I have nothing here. Please take me with you.'
.....
- c 'It is not *your* forest. I came here to find Robin Hood.'
.....
- d 'I have to pay the abbot.'
.....
- e 'This good man and his family will sleep in their home tonight.'
.....

Chapters 8–10

3 Match the numbers (1–5) with the letter (a–e).

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1) The sheriff wanted to speak to Lord Fitzwalter | a so she had to leave and stay with her uncle. |
| 2) Marian didn't want to marry the sheriff | b because he wore a big hood. |
| 3) Robin's men at the party had swords | c because he was looking for a wife. |
| 4) Marian left Friar Tuck under a tree | d and fought the Sheriff's men well |
| 5) Marian could not see the man's face | e and went to catch some animals to cook in the forest |

Chapters 11–13

4 Which one is right?

- a Marian didn't stay at her uncle's house because
1) the friar living there was afraid of her.
2) The sheriff was going to look for her there.
3) Friar Tuck didn't like the friar living there.
- b The fat friar threw Robin Hood into the water
1) and started fighting him.
2) and got into his boat.
3) and got out of the river.
- c Robin Hood was going to get Richard of Lee's money back.
1) His men were going to invite the sheriff's men to dinner.
2) His men were going to rob the abbot.
3) His men were going to invite rich churchmen to dinner.
- d There was no money in the churchmen's bags.
1) The money was under their clothes.
2) They carried no money at all.
3) The money was in their shoes.
- e Robin Hood wanted to meet the strange friar
1) because he told interesting stories.
2) because he thought that man was Friar Tuck.
3) because the friar helped poor people.

Chapters 14–16

5 Put these in the right order. Number the sentences 1–10.

- a The sheriff's men hurt Little John.
- b The sheriff wanted to catch Robin, so he planned a contest with bows and arrows.
- c Robin put Little John on his back.
- d The day of the contest Robin was the winner, but the sheriff told his men to catch him.
- e Then, Robin and his men left and ran to the forest.
- f Sir Richard of Lee helped them.
- g They all stayed at his house that night.
- h Prince John arrived with fifty men on horses.
- i He knew Robin would come.
- j Robin and his men fought the sheriff's men.

Robin Hood

Book key

- 1 Open answers
- 2 a people: *abbot, king, prince, sheriff*
places: *abbey, forest*
b *hood*
- 3 a Sir George Gamwell
b Joanna Gamwell
c William Fitzooth
d Robin Hood
e Lady Marian
f Richard
- 4 a She wants to marry William, but her father doesn't want that.
b Nobody on his land is hungry.
c He takes everything from them and they are often hungry.
d The villagers don't help him.
e The sheriff knows now that Locksley House is his home.
- 5–6 Open answers
- 7 a 5 b 2 c 1 d 3 e 8 f 6 g 7 h 4
- 8 1000, 1100, 600, 500
- 9–10 Open answers
- 11 a summer b fifty c Lord Fitzwalter
d the sheriff e the abbot f Robin Hood
- 12 Lord Fitzwalter, the sheriff, Friar Tuck, uncle, Robin Hood, Friar Tuck
- 13–15 Open answers
- 16 a ✓ b ✗ c ✓ d ✓ e ✓ f ✗ g ✓ h ✗
i ✓ j ✓
- 17 a He wants to get married.
b He wants Friar Tuck to carry him across the river.
c He doesn't want to fight.
d He gave £500 to the abbot. Now he wants the church's money.
e He now has £1000 from the churchmen.
- 18–19 Open answers
- 20 a Marian b Robin c the sheriff d Prince John
e Sir Richard Lee f 'a friar'/his brother
g King Richard h Will Scarlet i Prince John
j Robin k Little John
- 21–29 Open answers

Discussion activities key

- 1–4 Open answers
- 5 Sir George Gamwell = wife
-
- ```

graph TD
 A[Sir George Gamwell = wife] --> B[wg]
 A --> C[A boy]
 A --> D[Joanna = William Fitzooth]
 D --> E[Robin Fitzooth]

```
- 6 Open answers
- 7 Possible answer:  
Dear Diary: Yesterday we were at the church. But I couldn't marry Robin because the Sheriff and his men came into the church. They had swords. The Abbot got very angry. He didn't want a fight in the church. So Robin went away. He asked me to wait. And I will. I will wait for Robin because I love him.
- 8–15 Open answers
- 16 Possible answers:  
She will say yes because  
a she loves her father and wants him to be happy.  
b she knows the Sheriff is greedy and bad and will hurt her.  
She will say no because  
a She loves Robin.  
b She doesn't like the Sheriff.  
c She is not afraid of the Sheriff.
- 17–18 Open answers
- 19 Possible answers:  
a He is catching an animal to eat.  
b He ran away.  
c He is fighting Will Scarlet.
- 20–25 Open answers
- 26 Possible answers:  
True:  
King Richard left England.  
King Richard is now in England again.  
He wants to meet Robin Hood  
False:  
He is not a friar; he is King Richard.
- 27–30 Open answer

## Robin Hood

### Activity worksheets key

- 1 a Wrong. He was born in the forest and then lived in a rich house.  
b Wrong. His family was rich.  
c Right  
d Right  
e Right
- 2 a William Fitzooth  
b Sir George Gamwell  
c King Richard  
d Lady Marian  
e The Abbot
- 3 Suggested answers:  
a Sir George had no family.  
b He was a good man. No one was hungry in his lands.  
c To ask questions about Robin Hood. To know more about him.  
d She was rich.  
e He didn't want the men to fight in the church.
- 4 **Stop Thief!**  
*Farnsfield* – An old man was in the forest yesterday with a dead ~~dog~~ > DEER on his back. This is bad because no one can kill the king's deer. When the Sheriff saw him, he asked for ~~food~~ > MONEY but the man was poor. So the Sheriff wanted to kill him but the man said: "I can take you to ~~the Abbot~~ > ROBIN HOOD." The Sheriff and his men followed him into the forest but the man ~~stopped~~ > RAN AWAY. The Sheriff's men had ~~guns~~ > BOWS AND ARROWS and they shot. Three arrows hit the man and he died. Robin Hood is safe again.
- 5 Little John and Sir Richard of Lee went to see (a) THE ABBOT at (b) ST. MARY'S ABBEY. They had Sir Richard's £600 and Robin's (c) £500 but first they gave him only (d) SIR RICHARD'S MONEY. They asked the Abbot to (e) WAIT ANOTHER YEAR. But the Abbot was greedy. He wanted (f) MONEY and (g) LANDS. He thought "Sir Richard will not have the money to pay me back so I (h) WILL GET HIS LANDS." But he was wrong! When all the money was on the table, the Abbot was (i) VERY ANGRY.
- 6 a Every year in the summer.  
b All the people from the villages and the lords and ladies.  
c They ate and drank. They danced too.  
d Because he knew that Robin was at the party and wanted to get him.  
e A big fight began.
- 7 a The sheriff was a greedy man. He wanted to marry Marian.  
b Marian was a good girl. She didn't always listen to her father.  
c Lord Fitzwalter was Marian's father. He gave a party every summer.  
d Friar Tuck was a church man. He was fat and strong. Marian took him to the forest.
- 8 a When the Sheriff came to see Lord Fitzwalter, Marian listened behind the door because she did not want to talk to the Sheriff.  
b The Sheriff has money and lands and is a friend of Prince John's so he will be a good husband for Lady Marian.  
c Lady Marian does not want to marry the Sheriff so she has to leave her father's house.  
d Friar Tuck was a strange churchman because he was greedy and strong. / He ate a lot and fought very well. / The Abbot did not like him.  
e Friar Tuck and Lady Marian had to stop in the forest because he was very hungry.
- 9 Marian and Robin want to get married, but only Friar Tuck can marry them. Robin and his men are looking for Friar Tuck. People say that there is a ~~thin~~ > FAT friar and that he lives near the ~~sea~~ > RIVER. They also say that he is a good person: for one ~~dollar~~ > PENNY, he will take people in his ~~ship~~ > BOAT, but when poor people cannot pay, he takes them on his ~~horse~~ > BACK.
- 10 a 5 b 4 c 6 d 2 e 1 f 3
- 11 a The sheriff  
b Marian  
c Robin  
d Prince John  
e Little John  
f Will and Marian  
g Richard of Lee



## Robin Hood

- 12 a Will Scarlet.  
 b Locksley House.  
 c King John.  
 d St Mary's Abbey.  
 e Kill Robin.  
 f Because they were in a church.  
 g Little John.  
 h Because he wanted to use his bow.

13–15 Open answers

### Progress test key

- 1 a Right  
 b Wrong. His daughter often went to the forest  
 c Right  
 d Wrong. One of his men went to the party.  
 e Right

- 2 a The Sheriff said this to Much the forester because he had no money to pay for the dead deer.  
 b Young Much to Will Scarlet because his father was dead.  
 c Little John to Robin Hood. He didn't know that man was Robin Hood.  
 d Richard of Lee to Robin Hood. He was sad because he didn't have all the money for the abbot.  
 e Little John to the Abbot. Robin Hood gave Richard of Lee money to pay the Abbot. This made the Abbot angry.

3 a 2 b 5 c 1 d 3 e 4

4 a 2 b 3 c 3 d 1 e 2

5 a 6 b 1 c 7 d 3 e 8 f 9 g 10 h 5  
 i 2 j 4